For Research Use Only

Reference Guide

QuickStart Taq Polymerase Enzyme (5U/µl)

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Catalog	Description
HL_QSTaq - 50	250Units
HL-QSTaq - 100	500Units
HL-QSTaq - 200	1000Units

Store at - 20°C

PI/HL-QSTaq - 01

Product Description

QuickStart *Taq* Polymerase Enzyme is activated within 30 seconds and helps in avoiding non-specific amplification. QuickStart *Taq* Polymerase consists of Taq DNA Polymerase and an inhibitor such that the activity is inhibited at room temperature. The active site of QuickStart Taq Polymerase is blocked by an inhibitor which only gets released at higher temperatures. The enzyme ensures higher specificity and yield, hence can be confidently used for faster lab applications. The product enables the setting up of real-time and end-point PCRs at ambient temperature conditions.

Source

Modified synthetic *Taq* DNA Polymerase gene from *Thermus aquaticus* is expressed and purified in *E. coli* strain.

Reagents Supplied

- QuickStart *Taq* Polymerase Enzyme (5U/µl)
- 10X *Taq* Buffer with $Mgcl_2$ (1ml)

Unit definition

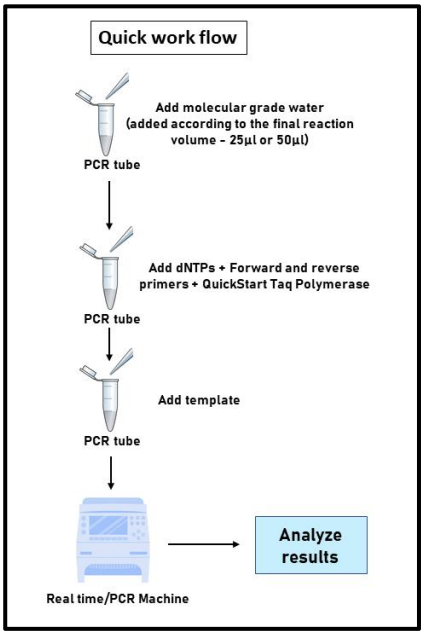
One unit is the amount of enzyme required to catalyze the incorporation of 10 nmol of dNTP into acid-insoluble material in 30 minutes at 65°C

Storage conditions

The recommended storage condition is -20°C.

PCR Protocol	
Component	**Volume (µL)**
10X Taq Buffer with $Mgcl_2$	2.5
10 mM dNTPs	0.5
Forward primer (10 pmol/µL)	0.4-0.7
Reverse primer (10 pmol/µL)	0.4-0.7
Template DNA	Variable (user defined)
QuickStart Taq Polymerase Enzyme (5U/µL)	0.5
Molecular Grade Water	Make up to 25

Note: In the above reaction, the concentration of $Mgcl_2$ will be 2.5mM and this can be adjusted according to the experiment with the additional Mgcl2 provided if required



Recommended PCR program

Operation	Temp	Time	Cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	1 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	1-5 sec	35-45 cycles
Annealing	45-68°C (User defined)	1 - 5 sec	
Extension	72°C	1min/kb	
Final Extension	72°C	5-10min	1

Notes:

Mg^{+2} ions: QuickStart *Taq* Polymerase effectively amplifies the target with 1.5 mM $Mgcl_2$. However, the reactions can be optimized for DNA samples which may require higher concentrations of $MgCl_2$. Very high levels of Mg^{+2} promote no specificity while low concentration of Mg^{+2} may reduce the yield.

Additive: The presence of the inhibitors in the samples can affect PCR. Using reagents like DMSO, betaine, etc. can improvise the PCR outcome. However, this should be done with careful standardization.

Template: Optimal DNA template concentration usually used in PCR is up to 1 ng for both plasmid and phage DNA, while It is 10-15 g for genomic DNA. The higher concentrations of template DNA generate non-specific PCR products whereas lower concentrations affect the PCR amplification.

dNTPs: Generally, 200µM of each dNTP is recommended for the PCR. However, on a few occasions, higher concentrations of dNTP may be required whereas the concentration of Mg^{+2} has to be adjusted accordingly as Mg^{+2} binds to dNTPs.

Primers: The suggested concentration of primers for PCR ranges between 0.1 and 1 µM.

Applications

- Molecular Diagnostic applications
- Molecular Biology applications
- Real Time PCR
- End Point PCR
- TA cloning

***We recommend referring to our quick enzyme guide to choose the right enzyme for your needs**

Taq Polymerase Enzyme	QuickStart Taq Polymerase Enzyme	HotStart Taq Polymerase Enzyme	BST Polymerase Enzyme
Used for endpoint PCR	Real-time PCR and Endpoint PCR	Real-time PCR	Real-time LAMP and LAMP
Works with temperature shifts	Works with temperature shifts	Works with temperature shifts	Ideal for isothermal PCRs 60°C – 65°C
No activation	30 seconds activation	15 minutes activation	No activation

Other PCR products from Huwel LifeSciences that you may be interested

S.No.	Product description	Catalogue No.
1.	Universal PCR Mix (2X)	HL – UPM – 100 – 1.25ml
2.	UltraFast Real Time PCR Mix (5X)	HL – UFPCM – 100 – 500µl HL – UFPCM – 200 – 1ml
3.	UltraFast Real Time PCR Mix 5X with UDG	HL – UUFPCM – 100 – 500µl HL – UUFPCM – 200 – 1ml
4.	Taq Polymerase Enzyme (5U/µl)	HL - Taq – 50 – 250Units HL - Taq – 100 – 500Units HL - Taq – 200 – 1000Units
5.	Klen Bst Polymerase Enzyme (8U/µl)	HL - KBst – 100 – 800Units HL - KBst – 200 – 1600Units HL – KBst – 400 – 13200Units
6.	HotStart Taq Polymerase Enzyme (5U/µl)	HL - HSTaq – 50 – 250Units HL - HSTaq – 100 – 500Units HL - HSTaq – 200 – 1000Units

References

- Chien, A., Edgar, D.B. and Trela, J.M. (1976) *J. Bact.*, 127, 1550-1557.
- Kaledin, A.S., Sliusarenko, A.G. and Gorodetskii, S.I. (1980) *Biokhimiya*, 45, 644-651.
- Lawyer, F.C. et al. (1993) *PCR Methods and Appl.*, 2, 275-287.
- Longley, M.J., Bennett, S.E. and Mosbaugh D.W. (1990) *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 18, 7317-7322.

For further information on protocols and details, please contact our technical support:
info@huwellifesciences.in

HLSS Manufacturing Pvt Ltd,
Plot Nos; M 14, M 15, M 16,
TSIIC, Medical Devices Park,
Sultanpur Village, Ameenpur Mandal,
Sangareddy Dist, Telangana-502319,
www.huwellifesciences.in, Email:info@huwellifesciences.in